



HOW DO I CHANGE MY DRIVER'S LICENSE TO A DIFFERENT STATE

On the next pages, you'll find links and documents to help you transfer your driver's license to a different state. For the most up-to-date information, be sure to check the state's official website.



COLORADO

Transfer To Colorado

<https://dmv.colorado.gov/drivers>

<https://dmv.colorado.gov/>

- You will need to bring in:
 - Refer to the next page



U.S. Citizens and Permanent Residents Identification Checklist

General Information

- All documents must be **unaltered certified originals, certified amended originals, or true copies certified by the issuing agency**. Photocopies, notarized documents, and online printouts are not accepted. Miniature and wallet sized documents are not accepted.
- **You must provide your Social Security Number**. You can either present a document that shows your number (e.g. Social Security card, W2, 1099) or provide it verbally. Your Social Security Number will be verified through the Social Security Administration.
- If you are transferring driving privilege, you must also provide your driver license (valid or expired less than one year) or a motor vehicle report from your previous state/U.S. territory (dated within 30 days and showing a license that is valid or expired less than one year).
- U.S. citizens and permanent residents will receive a Real ID-compliant document. ★

Step 1 – Identity and Lawful Presence

Bring **one** of the following:

Colorado driver license/instruction permit/ID card
(Unexpired/expired less than 10 years)

Unexpired ENHANCED out-of-state driver license/ID
card (**Available only from MI, NY, MN, WA, VT**)

Unexpired U.S. passport or U.S. passport card

Certificate of naturalization/citizenship (Issued within
20 years)

Unexpired permanent resident card (I-551), foreign
passport with unexpired I-551 stamp, or expired I-551
with I-797 extension

Valid I-94 Refugee/Approved Asylee (with foreign
passport, DHS attached photograph, or USCIS
Travel Document)

OR

Bring **one** of the following:

Certified U.S. Birth Certificate

Consular report of birth abroad

Certificate of naturalization/citizenship (Issued
20+ years ago)

Certified U.S. adoption order (with birth
information)

Refugee/Approved Asylee I-94 without photo

AND

Bring **one** of the following:

Colorado driver license/instruction permit/ID card
(Unexpired/expired less than 10 years)

Out-of-state driver license/instruction permit/ID
card (Unexpired/expired less than 10 years)

U.S. passport or U.S. passport card (Expired
less than 10 years)

Military ID/Common Access Card (Unexpired/
expired less than 10 years)

VA card (issued within 20 years)

Bureau of Indian Affairs or Tribal ID with photo
(Issued within 20 years)

Federal Bureau of Prisons or State Department
of Corrections ID card

Parent or legal guardian with identity document
and proof of guardianship (if under age 21)

Step 2 – Residential Address

Bring **two** of the following:

First class mail (with dated postmark)	Bank Statement
Credit card statement	Pay Stub
Insurance Policy	Phone/Utility bill (with service address)
Rent receipt (not handwritten)	Vehicle registration/title
Lease agreement/mortgage statement	

Document must show applicant's name and current Colorado residential (not P.O. Box) address - including street address, city, and state.

Document must be dated within **1 year** showing full date. Electronic documents are accepted for proof of residential address.

Step 3 – Check Your Name

If your Step 1 document does not show your full name (including middle name) or shows an initial, you must present an additional Step 1 document to prove your full name.

If your Step 1 documents show different names due to name change(s) you must provide **at least one** the following:

Certified Marriage Certificate	Certified U.S. divorce decree (showing change of name)	Certified U.S. court order of name change or U.S. adoption order
--------------------------------	---	---

If you have had more than one name change you will need to bring as many documents as needed to connect the names shown.

Veteran/Military Indicators:

Bring your DD214 or Retired/Active Military ID to get a Veteran or Military Indicator added to your license or ID.

Organ, Eye & Tissue Donation:

You will be asked about organ, eye and tissue donation during your application. Please consider your choice in advance.

Exceptions Processing:

If, for reasons beyond your control, you cannot provide the required documents, you may be eligible for Exceptions Processing. Visit our website to learn more: [Colorado.gov/DMV/exceptions-processing](https://colorado.gov/DMV/exceptions-processing)

Translation / Interpreters

If you need language assistance to complete your application, a Pocketalk translation device is available at all offices. You may also bring a friend or family member to assist.

This handout is provided as a courtesy and may not apply to all situations.

Applicable statutes and rules can be found in 6 CFR 37.11, CRS Title 42 Article 2, and 1 CCR 204-30.



IDAHO

Transfer To Idaho

<https://idaho.gov/about-idaho/moving/>

<https://itd.idaho.gov/itddmv/>

<https://idaho.gov/driving/>

- You will need to bring in:
 - Refer to the next page

Document Checklist for Star Card – Idaho’s REAL ID



Or use the online document checklist: <https://ITD.Idaho.Gov/StarCard/>

Para ver la Lista en Español: https://itd.idaho.gov/StarCard/files/StarCard_Checklist_spanish.pdf

ALL NEW APPLICANTS ARE REQUIRED TO PRESENT PROOF OF U.S. CITIZENSHIP IN THE FORM OF A U.S. BIRTH CERTIFICATE (IF OBTAINABLE) OR LAWFUL PRESENCE, AN ACCEPTABLE PHOTO IDENTITY DOCUMENT, TWO PROOFS OF IDAHO RESIDENCY, AND PROVIDE AN SSN THAT VERIFIES WITH THE SOCIAL SECURITY ADMINISTRATION.

An applicant is considered new if they have never been issued an Idaho credential, they are surrendering a credential from another jurisdiction to obtain an Idaho credential, or their Idaho credential has been expired for 25 months or more. If a certified original copy of a U.S. birth certificate is unobtainable, we may accept a passport or other government issued document that provides satisfactory evidence of a person’s full legal name, date of birth, and lawful presence.

NOTE: If you currently have a valid Idaho credential, any of the documents listed in Step 1 may be acceptable for upgrading to a Star Card.

Step 1 - Prove Your Identity (*One Document*)

The following documents **MUST** be original, valid, and unexpired.

Note: If any of the referenced documents were used to support a previous license or ID issuance, and ITD retained imaged copies of these documents, you will not need to submit the document again when applying for a Star Card. (This only applies to documents that do not have an expiration date)

US Certified Birth Certificate from Vital Statistics **and** additional government-issued photo ID (birth records and hospital-issued certificates are not accepted)

Certificate of Citizenship (Form N-560, N- 561, or N-645)

Permanent Resident Card (Form I-551)

Valid unexpired US Passport or Passport card in current legal name

Employment Authorization Document (EAD) (Form I-766 or I-688B)

Consular Report of Birth Abroad (Form FS-240, DS-1350, or FS-545) **and** government-issued photo ID

Foreign Passport and I-94, I-20, DS-2019, or EAD card

Certificate of Naturalization (Form N-550, N-570, or N-578)

Step 2 – Check Your Name

Is your current full legal name on your driver's license or identification (ID) card?

Does your name match your identity document from step 1?

If YES, skip to Step 3

If NO, continue with Step 2 and provide the appropriate documents

Applicants who have who have changed or established a new name through marriage, adoption, court order, or other means are required to provide all documentation linking every name change made since birth.

- Accepted documents include recorded or certified marriage license(s), divorce decree(s), and court directed name change(s).
- Photocopies are not accepted. A certified marriage license proves that the marriage has been recorded by the issuing agency or office, and is dated after the ceremony date. In most cases, if your marriage license has original inked signatures and it was given to you directly after the ceremony by the officiant that married you, it is not a recorded and certified document. Contact the agency or office that issued the license for the required recorded or certified document.

US Certified Birth Certificate (see Step 1 for criteria)

Court order under petition for name change (stamped with court seal)

Certified and recorded marriage certificate(s) from Vital Statistics or county

Court order for name change in divorce decree or decree of annulment (stamped with court seal)

Court order for name change in a decree of adoption (stamped with court seal)

Steps 1 and 2: Lawful Identity, Age, and Name Change

National Center for Health Statistics – For a link to obtain an original or certified copy of a birth record for each state/territory, visit www.CDC.gov/nchs/w2w/index.htm

Idaho Vital Records – For an original or certified copy of a birth, marriage, or divorce record, call (208) 334–5980, or visit <https://HealthAndWelfare.Idaho.gov/Health/VitalRecordsAndHealthStatistics/tabID/1504/Default.aspx>

Marriage and Divorce – For an original or certified copy of a marriage license or divorce decree, contact the county clerk or recorder's office in the county where the marriage license or divorce decree was issued. Cost will vary.

Step 3 – Verify Your Social Security Number

Federal requirements stipulate that your social security number must be provided for verification. You may present a physical Social Security card, or if you know your social security number, you can provide it without the card.

The social security number you provide will need be verified by the Social Security Online Verification (SSOLV) Service. Your full legal name will need to be verified with the Social Security Administration (SSA). Check with the SSA first to change your name (if necessary) and allow 48 hours for all systems to update.

For questions about your Social Security Number, SSA 1099 or SSA 1042S forms, or Social Security Benefit Statement, call the SSA at 1-800-772-1213, visit the SSA website at <https://www.ssa.gov/> or make a trip to your local SSA office.

Step 4 – Proof of Idaho Residency (*Two Documents*)

The following documents must . . .

- **Be in your current legal name**
- **Be dated within one year**
- **Match the name on your identity documents**
- **Provide proof of your current physical address (PO Boxes are not accepted)**
- **Be originals or printed e-documents (Faxes are not accepted)**
- **Must be from different sources**

Lease, rental agreement, mortgage, or deed

Account statement from one or two different public utilities. Must show service address of residency and customer's name; $\frac{3}{4}$ statement page accepted. Cell phone bills are not accepted

Account statement from a bank or financial institution

Tax Form W-2 or Form-1099 (may be the same document used in Step 3 if dated within current year)

Medical or insurance provider statement, invoice, or explanation of benefits

Pay stub or employment verification (must list the customer's legal name)

Idaho school enrollment records with current address or verification of compliance for the current school year and your current address (college IDs are not accepted)

Motel, hotel, campground, or RV park receipt, on letterhead, indicating at least 30 days of residency

Military Leave and Earning Statement (LES) demonstrating Idaho residency of an applicant deployed outside of Idaho while on active duty

Relief agency or shelter certification

Residency affidavit signed by an adult over 18

Court documents (original or non-altered, with your current address listed somewhere on the document)

Record of property tax assessed or paid (receipt date within one year)

A vehicle, homeowner's, or renter's liability card, binder, or bill issued by an Idaho-based carrier (must be valid and unexpired, must have current residential address, and can be original paper, print, or photocopy of e- document)



MONTANA

Transfer To Montana

<https://mvdmt.gov/new-driver-license/drivers-new-to-montana/>
<https://mvdmt.gov/>

- You will need to bring in:
 - Proof of Identity
 - Proof of Residency
 - Proof of Authorized Presence
 - Refer to website for complete list of documents



UTAH

Transfer To Utah

<https://dld.utah.gov/adult-oos/>
<https://dld.utah.gov/>

- You will need to bring in:
 - Refer to the next page



U.S. Citizen, U.S. National and Permanent Resident Alien

IDENTITY

Legal/lawful status verification

MUST PROVIDE ONE (1) OF THE FOLLOWING:

- Valid, unexpired U.S. passport or passport card.
- Certified copy of a birth certificate filed with the State Office of Vital Statistics or equivalent agency in your state of birth (small laminated birth certificates or hospital certificates are not accepted.)
- Consular Report of Birth Abroad (CRBA) issued by the U.S. Department of State, form FS-240, DS1350, or FS-545.
- Valid, unexpired permanent resident alien card, conditional permanent resident card, form I-551.
- Certificate of Naturalization issued by DHS, form N550 or N-570.
- Certificate of Citizenship issued by DHS, form N-560 or N-561.

SOCIAL SECURITY CARD

MUST PROVIDE ONE (1) OF THE FOLLOWING:

- Social security card issued by the U.S. government that has been signed (stub will not be accepted.)
- If the social security card is not available, you may present one of the following documents that includes your name and full social security number:
 - W-2 form
 - SSA-1099 form
 - Non SSA-1099 form
 - Pay stub
- Letter from the Social Security Administration indicating ineligibility to obtain a social security number as a result of legal/lawful presence status.

RESIDENCY

MUST PROVIDE TWO (2) OF THE FOLLOWING:

- Bank statement
- Court documents
- Current mortgage or rental contract
- Major credit card bill
- Property tax notice
- School transcript
- Utility bill
- Vehicle title

Residency is required for all originals, and if the address is different from what is on the current license record for renewals and replacements. Documentation must display your name and address, and the verification must be dated within 90 days.



WYOMING

Transfer To Wyoming

https://www.dot.state.wy.us/home/driver_license_records/driver-license.html
<https://www.dot.state.wy.us/home.html>

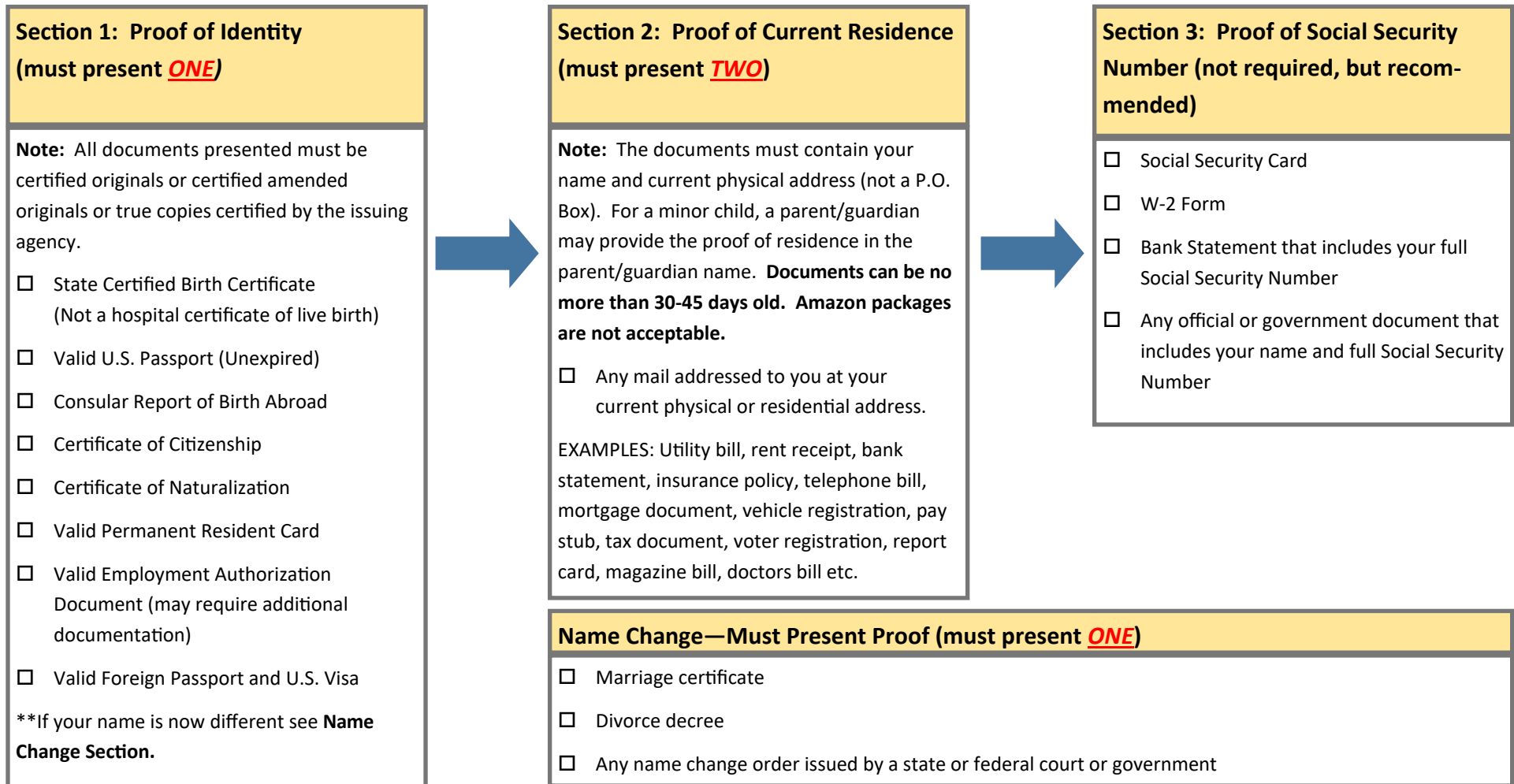
- You will need to bring in:
 - Refer to the next page



Applying for a Wyoming License, Permit or ID Card?

First time applicants who are US Citizens and Lawful Non-US Citizens, or *if documents have not been presented previously*, need the following documents:

To expedite this application, please ensure you provide the required number of documents from each section below.



This document is created solely to assist applications and is **not** inclusive. If you have questions regarding the acceptable documents, please contact Driver Services at 307-777-4800.

Wyoming Statute 31-7-111. Application for license or permit generally. (a) Every application for an instruction permit, driver's license, commercial driver's license or commercial learner's permit shall be made upon a form furnished by the division. Every application shall be accompanied by the proper fee, proof of residence and proof of identity. Proof of identity shall be established by a certified copy of the applicant's birth certificate, valid unexpired United States passport, consular report of birth abroad, certificate of citizenship, certificate of naturalization, permanent resident card, employment authorization document, foreign passport (with United States visa affixed and accompanied by an approved document documenting the applicant's most recent admittance to the United States), state issued driver's license or identification card which complies with federal law and applicable regulations, or other document required by the division to establish identity where reasons beyond the applicant's control prevent the applicant from presenting the documents required by this subsection.